

Printer Tool

User Guide

D2 \ D4 \ O4 \ P4 \ I4 \ iX4 Series Printer



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1 Printer Tool Install Printer Tool

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1 Printer Tool

Printer Tool provides a user-friendly interface to configure your printer. You can define properties, update firmware and send commands in Printer Tool.

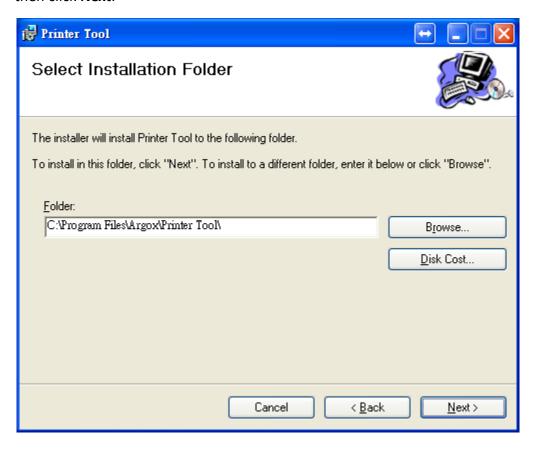
1.1 Install Printer Tool

- 1. Insert the DVD into your DVD drive.
- 2. Locate the installation file on the DVD and click it.
- 3. In the Printer Tool dialog box, click Next.

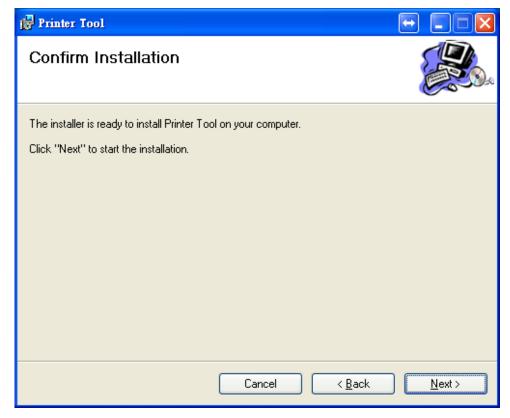


1 Printer Tool Install Printer Tool

4. In this dialog box, follow the instructions to choose the installation path, and then click **Next**.

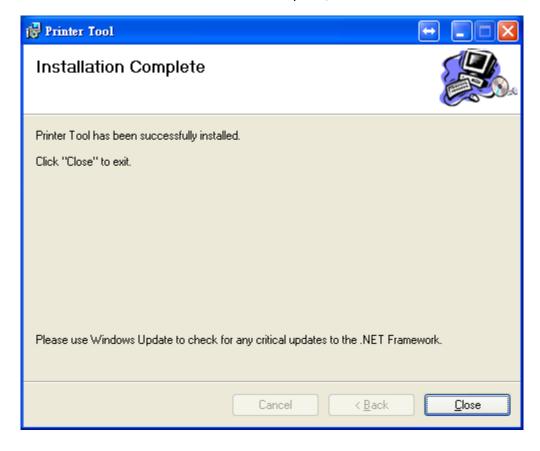


5. In this dialog box, click **Next**.



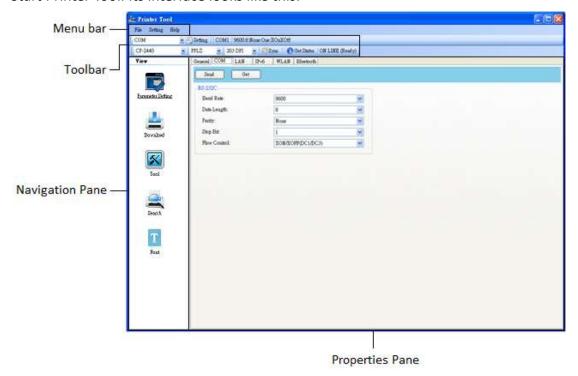
1 Printer Tool Install Printer Tool

6. After the installation of Printer Tool is complete, click **Close**.



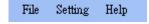
1.2 Work with Printer Tool

Start Printer Tool. Its interface looks like this:



- Menu bar It includes Printer Tool menus.
- **Toolbar** It provides ports, port settings, emulation languages, printer dpi and printer status.
- Navigation Pane You can switch between the listed items to view their tabs.
- **Properties Pane** You can view and manage printer properties or perform tasks.

1.2.1 Menu bar



There are three menus in the menu bar: File, Setting and Help.

File

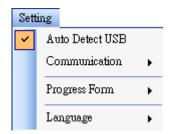


Export Export your printer settings to an XML file, including all parameters, port settings and firmware information.

- **Import** Import printer settings from an XML file.
- Exit Exit Printer Tool.

Setting

Auto Detect USB When you connect your printer to a computer with a USB cable, Printer Tool automatically detects it and shows the USB information in the Port Name and Port Information. By default, it is enabled.



Communication



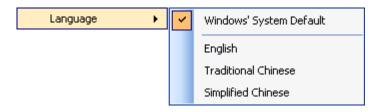
It includes **Write Timeout** and **Read Timeout**. They determine how long your computer (or other devices) waits printer's response when it attempts to write or read data to your printer. The default value is 15 seconds, meaning that the computer waits 15 seconds, and displays an error message if it doesn't receive any response.

Progress Form



When **Add Date/Time information** is enabled, the current date and time are added into the message in the **Download Firmware** dialog box.

Language



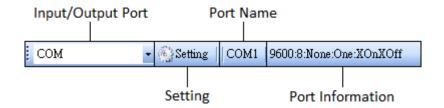
It is the language of Printer Tool interface. You can select **Windows's System Default, English, Traditional Chinese** or **Simplified Chinese**. By default, it uses your system default.

Help



- Contents The help content of Printer Tool. You can press F1 to display it.
- **About** The version and copyright information about Printer Tool.

1.2.2 Toolbar

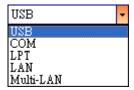


The toolbar has two rows. The first row includes three items.

- Input/Output Port The port you use for the data transmission between the computer and your printer.
- **Setting** You can click it to configure the port settings.
- **Port Name** It shows the port name.

■ **Port Information** It shows the port information.

Printer Tool provides five ports for data transmission.



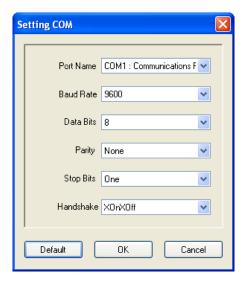
■ USB

It shows the USB information in the **Port Name** and **Port Information** as soon as the computer detects your printer. By default, the computer automatically detects the **USB** port. You can select the printer you want if your computer is connected to multiple printers via USB. Click **Search** to search the hot-plugging USB printer.



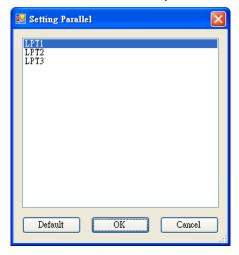
COM

It is the serial port and related to the **COM** tab in **Parameter Setting**. The settings of the **COM** port need to be the same as those in the **COM** tab, except for **Port Name**, which lets you select the **COM** port you want if your computer is connected to multiple printers via COM. If you want to reset all of COM settings, click **Default**.



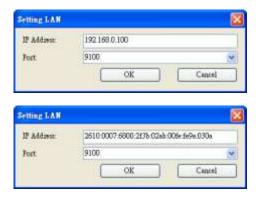
■ LPT

It is the parallel port and only supports simplex communication. That is, the computer can send data to your printer, but your printer can't send data back. You can select the printer you want if your computer is connected to multiple printers via LPT. The default **LPT** port is **LPT1**. If you want to reset the port, click **Default**.



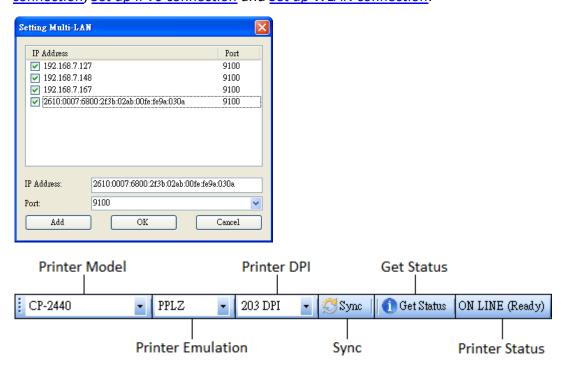
LAN

It is the Ethernet port and related to the **LAN** tab in **Parameter Setting**. It supports IPv4 and IPv6 addresses. For more information about setting up a network connection, see <u>Set up LAN connection</u>, <u>Set up IPv6 connection</u> and <u>Set up WLAN connection</u>.



■ Multi-LAN

It allows you to perform tasks on network printers. For example, you can add other printers' IP addresses in Multi-LAN setting, and update firmware for all printers at once. If any error has occurred during the connection, Printer Tool skips that IP address and tries the next one. Before you use the **Multi-LAN** port, you need to set up a network connection. For further details, see <u>Set up LAN</u> connection, Set up IPv6 connection and Set up WLAN connection.



The second row of the toolbar includes six items.

- **Printer Model** Printer models.
- **Printer Emulation** The emulation language of your printer. The emulation you choose affects the tabs displayed in the **Properties** pane.

■ **Printer DPI** The print resolution of your printer. It provides 203 dpi and 300 dpi.

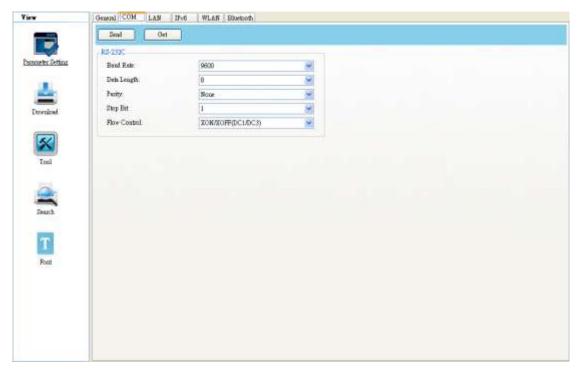
- Sync Get the current settings of Printer Model, Printer Emulation and Printer DPI from your printer.
- **Get Status** Detect if your printer is ready for use.
- Printer Status It shows the result of Get Status.

Printer status

Status	Description
ON LINE (Ready)	The top cover (head) was closed in the online mode.
HEAD OPEN	The top cover (head) was opened in the online mode.
ON LINE	The ansieton is an earlier
(Operating)	The printer is operating.
ACCESSED BY	Evaluatively appeared by other best
OTHER	Exclusively accessed by other host.
PAUSE	In pause.
ON LINE (Waiting	Moiting for stripping
for Stripping)	Waiting for stripping.
COMMAND ERROR	A command error was found while analyzing the command.
COMMS ERROR	A parity error, overrun error or framing error occurred during
	the RS-232C transmission.
PAPER JAM	A paper jam occurred during paper feed.
CUTTER ERROR	The cutter is experiencing issues.
NO PAPER	The label has run out.
HEAD OPEN	Attempt to feed or issue the label with the top cover (head)
ERROR	open.
HEAD ERROR	A broken pin has been found on the thermal head.
EXCESS HEAD	The thermal head temperature has become excessively high
TEMP	The thermal head temperature has become excessively high.
NO PAPER (Last	The last label has been issued properly and the label has run
label has been issued)	out.
	out.
LOW BATTERY	RTC battery is low (future option).
MEMORY WRITE	An error has occurred while writing data into the flash ROM or
ERROR	USB memory.
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Status	Description	
FORMAT ERROR	An erase error has occurred in formatting the flash ROM or	
	USB memory.	
MEMORY FULL	Saving failed because of the insufficient capacity of the flash	
	ROM or USB memory.	
SAVING	In font or PC command save mode. (to flash ROM or to USB	
	memory)	
	The flash ROM or USB memory is being initialized.	
SAVING ERROR	An EEPROM for backup cannot be read or written properly.	
UPDATING	The animate a in an electric of financians	
FIRMWARE NOW	The printer is updating firmware.	
BLUETOOTH	Bluetooth initialization error.	
ERROR	Bluetooth setting parameter error.	
WIRELESSLAN	WirelessLAN initialization error.	
ERROR	WirelessLAN setting parameter error.	
UPDATING	A second of the	
FIRMWARE ERROR	An error occurred during the firmware update.	
UNKNOWN	The status is unknown.	

1.2.3 Navigation pane



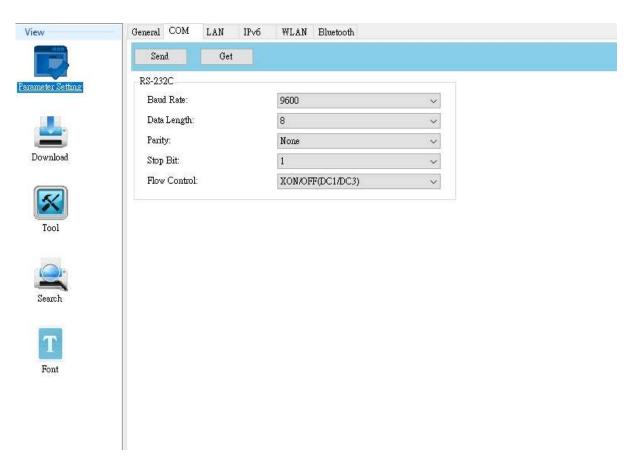
The Navigation pane includes five items: Parameter Setting, Download, Tool,

Search and Font. Each item has its own tabs, and each tab has a Send, Get, Add or Delete button (Some of them only have Send). Send is to send your settings to your printer; Get is to get the current settings of your printer; Add is to add file to the list object; Delete is to delete file from the list object. You can also right-click in the Properties pane and select Send, Get, Add or Delete in the shortcut menu. Each time you click Send, your printer restarts to apply the change.



Important You can send data via all ports, but can only get data via the **USB**, **COM** and **LAN** ports.

Parameter Setting



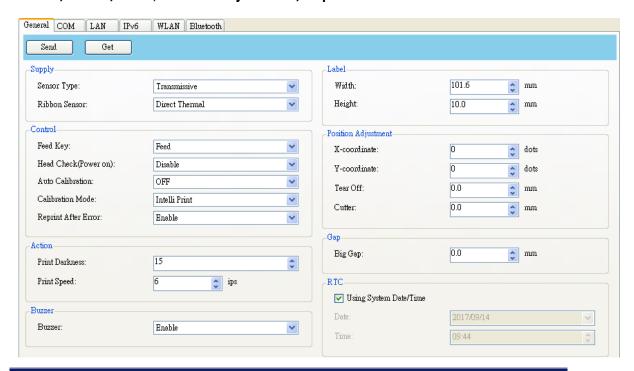
Parameter Setting is used to configure printer settings. It includes six tabs: General, COM, LAN, IPv6, WLAN and Bluetooth.

General

The **General** tab provides general printer settings. It is related to the emulation language you choose. Each language provides its own properties.

■ PPLA, PPLB, PPLZ and AUTO

PPLA, PPLB, PPLZ and AUTO provide settings grouped in the Supply, Control, Action, Buzzer, Label, Position Adjustment, Gap and RTC area.



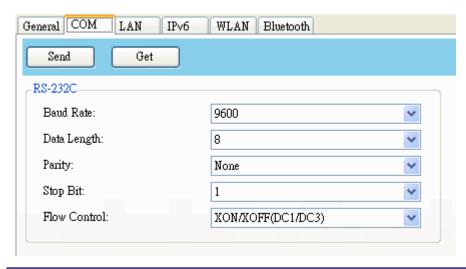
Property Name	Description	
Sensor Type	It is the media sensor you are using. It includes Reflective ,	
	Transmissive and None. When you perform media	
	calibration, the sensor is set to the one you select.	
Ribbon Sensor	Thermal Transfer Your printer uses the ribbon sensor to	
	detect the ribbon, it is mean Thermal Transfer (TT).	
	Direct Thermal Disable the ribbon sensor, it is mean Direct	
	Thermal (DT).	
Feed Key	It defines the action of the FEED button.	
	Feed Your printer feeds a blank label each time the button	
	is pressed.	
	Print Your printer reprints the last label each time the	
	button is pressed.	
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Property Name	Description
Head Check(Power	Enable Your printer checks broken pins on the printhead
on)	automatically once your printer is turned on.
	Disable Disable the auto head check.
Auto Calibration	ON (Power on) Your printer automatically calibrates media
	using a media sensor once it restarts or is turned on.
	ON (Power on and Head close) Your printer automatically
	calibrates media using a media sensor after power on and
	every time you close the print module when the printer is
	turned on.
	OFF You need to manually calibrate media using a media
	sensor as you change the media, or your printer won't work
	properly.
Calibration Mode	Intelli Print Just install labels, latch print module, press
	FEED button once, and then the printer will feed 1-2 labels
	to detect next gap / black mark before printing. The printer
	will feed 1-2 labels automatically before printing, if FEED
	button is not pressed.
	Smart Print Print from the first label immediately
	according to label length setting. Make sure to carefully align
	label bottom edge at the tear-off position before printing.
	MANUAL PRINT Calibrate labels manually before printing.
	If label size gets changed, manual calibration must be
	performed again.
Reprint After Error	Enable Your printer when caused by the error condition.
	The label is reprinted as soon as the error condition is
	corrected.
	Disable Disable the reprint after error.
Print Darkness	Adjust the darkness relative to the current darkness setting.
	The range is 0 $^{\sim}$ +30, and the value is adjustable in
	increments of ± 1.
Print Speed	Determine the media speed during printing. The range is +2
	$^{\sim}$ +8, and the value is adjustable in increments of ±1 ips.
Buzzer	Enable If the printer has buzzer, you can hear the sound.
	Disable Disable the buzzer.
Width	Set the print width. The range is 0 $^{\sim}$ +108.1, and the value is
	adjustable in increments of ± 0.1 mm.
Height	Set the length of the label when using continuous media.

Property Name	Description
	The range is 0 $^{\sim}$ +999.0, and the value is adjustable in
	increments of ± 0.1 mm.
X-coordinate	Move the print position horizontally. The positive number is
	left, and the negative number is right. The range is -800 $^{\sim}$
	+800, and the value is adjustable in increments of ±1 dot.
Y-coordinate	Move the print position vertically. The positive number is
	forward, and the negative number is backward. The range is
	-800 $^{\sim}$ +800, and the value is adjustable in increments of ±1
	dot.
Tear Off	Adjust the rest position of the media after a label is printed,
	which changes the position at which the label is torn or cut.
	The range is -12.0 $^{\sim}$ +12.0, and the value is adjustable in
	increments of ± 0.1 mm.
Cutter	Adjust the cutter offset position at which the label is peel or
	cut. The range is -4.0 $^{\sim}$ +4.0, and the value is adjustable in
	increments of ± 0.1 mm.
Big Gap	Setting detect length of media out when the gap is empty
	area. The range is 0.0 $^{\sim}$ +65535.4, and the value is
	adjustable in increments of \pm 0.1 mm.
Date	When Using System Date/Time is not checked, you can set
	the date of the printer by yourself.
Time	When Using System Date/Time is not checked, you can set
	the time of the printer by yourself.

COM

The **COM** tab provides the settings of the RS-232C port. When you use COM as your port, make sure the settings in the **COM** tab are the same as the port settings, or your printer won't work properly.

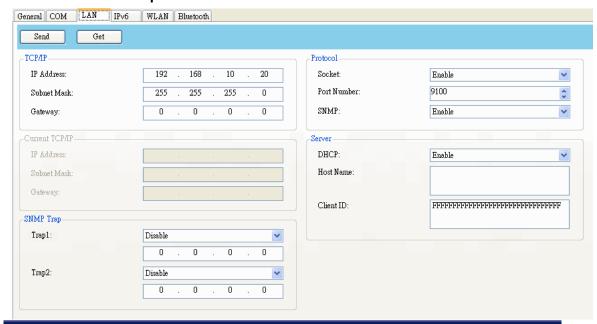


Property Name	Description
Baud Rate	The rate of signals transmitted per second. The larger the
	number, the faster the data transmission.
Data Length	The length of the data transmitted. It can be set to 7 or 8
	bits.
Parity	It can be set to Odd , Even or None . A parity bit is added to a
	string of data bits to check if the data is correct.
	Odd The total number of "ones" in the data plus the parity
	bit is an odd number.
	Even The total number of "ones" in the data plus parity bit
	is an even number.
	None No parity check is used.
Stop Bit	The stop bit is at the end of a string of data bits. It is used in
	asynchronous transmission to let the receiver know that the
	string of data bits being transmitted is end.
Flow Control	Flow control is used to control the data flow between the
	computer and your printer.
	XON/XOFF (DC1/DC3) It is software flow control that uses
	control characters to handle data transmission. When your
	printer is unable to process the data the computer send, it
	sends an XOFF signal to tell the computer to stop sending
	data; once your printer is able to accept data, it sends an
	XON signal to notify the computer to resume sending data.
	RTS It is hardware flow control that uses dedicated wires
	to handle data transmission. When the computer is ready to
	send data to your printer, it sends a Request to Send (RTS)
	signal to your printer. If your printer is able to accept the
	16

Property Name	Description
	data, it sends a Clear to Send (CTS) signal to the computer.
	That is, the computer starts sending data when it sees CTS
	on; it stops sending when it sees CTS off.

LAN

The LAN tab provides network settings, including TCP/IP, Current TCP/IP, Protocol, Server and SNMP Trap.



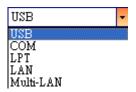
Property Name	Description
IP Address (TCP/IP)	The static IP address of your printer.
Subnet Mask (TCP/IP)	The manually specified subnet mask of your
	printer.
Gateway (TCP/IP)	The manually specified gateway of your printer.
IP Address (Current TCP/IP)	The current IP address of your printer.
Subnet Mask (Current TCP/IP)	The current subnet mask of your printer.
Gateway (Current TCP/IP)	The current gateway of your printer.
Socket	Enable The host communicates with your
	printer via the socket.
	Disable Disable the socket.
Port Number	The LAN port number of your printer.
SNMP	Enable The host gets or sets parameters
	registered as SNMP entities.
	Disable Disable SNMP.

Property Name	Description
DHCP	Enable The DHCP server assigns an IP address,
	the subnet mask and the gateway to your printer
	automatically. By default, it is enabled.
	Disable You need to specify an IP address, the
	subnet mask and the gateway to your printer
	manually.
Host Name	It is the name of a DHCP client. The host name
	allows up to 32 alphanumeric characters. You can
	leave it blank or type a name you want. By
	default, there is no host name.
Client ID	It is an arbitrary value sent to the DHCP server to
	reserve an IP address for your printer. Client ID
	allows up to 32 hexadecimal characters. If you
	leave it blank, your printer automatically assigns
	"FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF
	client ID.
Trap 1	Trap is a message type of SNMP. When Trap 1 is
	enabled and its IP address is set correctly, your
	printer alerts the computer of the specified IP
	address as your printer is experiencing problems.
Trap 2	Same as Trap 1.

Set up LAN connection

If you want to use the **LAN** or **Multi-LAN** port to transfer data, you need to set up the network connection in the **LAN** tab.

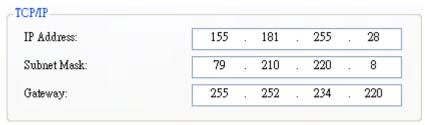
- 1. Connect your printer and computer to a network device (hub, switch or router) with Ethernet cables.
- 2. In the Input/Output Port list, click USB or COM.



General COM LAN IPv6 WLAN Bluetooth Send Get TCP/IP IP Address: 192 168 10 20 Socket: Enable Port Number 9100 255 255 255 0 **^** Subnet Mask: Gateway: 0 Π 0 SNMP-Enable ٧ Server IP Address: DHCP: Enable Host Name Gateway: Client ID: SNMP Trap Trap1: 0 0 Trap2: 0

3. In the Navigation pane, click Parameter Setting, and click the LAN tab.

- 4. Do one of the following to configure your TCP/IP settings:
- If you have a static IP address, fill the IP Address, Subnet Mask and Gateway box under TCP/IP according to your network settings and click Send.

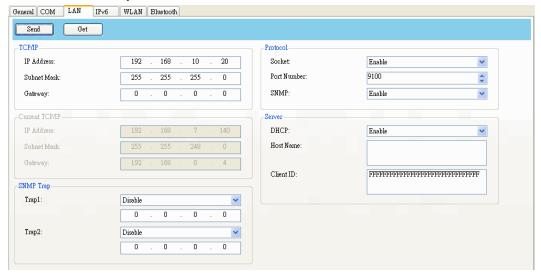


If you don't have a static IP address, make sure **DHCP** is enabled and click
 Send.



5. After your printer restarts, click **Get** to get the TCP/IP information of your printer. If you are using a static IP address, you'll get the same TCP/IP settings as it is in the previous step; if you are using DHCP, The DHCP server will

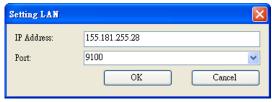
automatically populate the **IP Address**, **Subnet Mask** and **Gateway** boxes under **Current TCP/IP**.



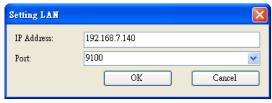
6. In the Input/Output Port list, click LAN, and click Setting.



- 7. In the **Setting LAN** dialog box, do one of the following to configure your IP address:
- If you are using a static IP address, in the IP Address box, enter the IP address under TCP/IP in the LAN tab, and then click OK.



• If you are using a dynamic IP address provided by DHCP, in the IP Address box, enter the IP address under Current TCP/IP in the LAN tab, and then click OK.

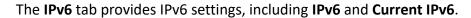


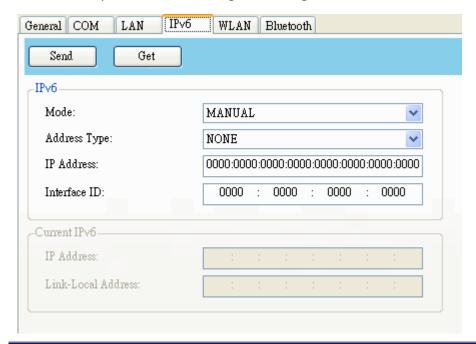


Note When DHCP is enabled and your printer is idle for a long time, the IP address of your printer may change. Click **Get** to get the new IP address if you find

the current IP address is not working.

IPv6





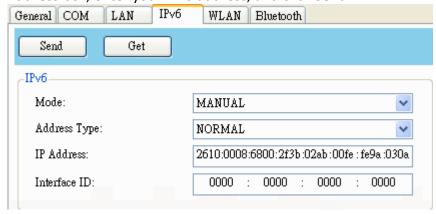
Property Name	Description
Mode	It determines how you get the IPv6 address of your
	printer.
	MANUAL Specify an IPv6 address manually.
	DHCPv6 An IPv6 address is assigned by a Dynamic
	Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6) server.
	AUTO It uses a stateless address that doesn't require
	a DHCPv6 server to allocate an IP address. A host
	generates an IPv6 address from router advertisements
	and a MAC address. Stateless auto-configuration
	supports plug and play functionality, which allows the
	printer to generate an IPv6 address by itself once it
	connects to an IPv6 network.
Address Type	It is the IPv6 address type of your printer.
	NONE The system won't use the address you
	specified to generate an IPv6 address. It sets
	0000::0000 as the IPv6 address.
	NORMAL It uses a 128-bit unicast address that you
	specified.
	EUI It is 64-bit Extended Unique Identifier (EUI-64)

Property Name	Description	
	that generates the second half of a unicast IPv6	
	address (last 64 bits) from a MAC address. You can also	
	specify the second half of the address by entering the	
	interface ID.	
	ANY It uses a 128-bit anycast address that you	
	specify. The printer needs to remember that the	
	current address is an anycast address, since its format	
	is the same as a unicast address.	
IP Address (IPv6)	The static IPv6 address of your printer.	
Interface ID	Short for interface identifier. It is used to identify the	
	network interface of a host. You can specify the	
	interface ID here.	
IP Address	The current IPv6 address of your printer.	
(Current IPv6)		
Link-Local Address	It is used for communications on a local network. The	
	address always starts with FE80.	

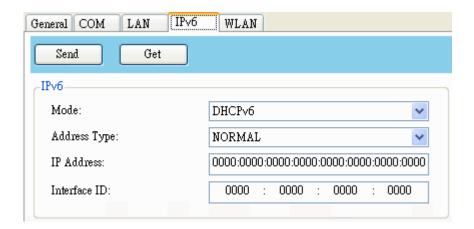
Set up IPv6 connection

Before you set up IPv6, make sure your have IPv6 connectivity.

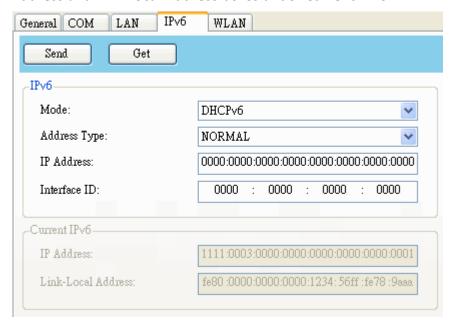
- 1. Do one of the following to configure your IPv6 settings:
- If you have a static IPv6 address, in the Mode list, click MANUAL; in the IP
 Address box, enter your IPv6 address, and click Send.



• If you don't have a static IPv6 address, in the **Mode** list, click **DHCPv6**; in the **Address Type** list, click **Normal**, and click **Send**.



After your printer restarts, click Get to get its IPv6 information. If you are using
a static IPv6 address, you'll get the same settings as it is in the previous step; if
you are using DHCPv6, the DHCPv6 server will automatically populate the IP
Address and Link-Local Address boxes under Current IPv6.



3. In the Input/Output Port list, click LAN, and click Setting.



- 4. In the **Setting LAN** dialog box, do one of the following to configure your IP address:
- If you are using a static IP address, in the **IP Address** box, enter the IP address under **IPv6** in the **IPv6** tab and click **OK**.



• If you are using a dynamic IP address provided by DHCPv6, in the **IP Address** box, enter the IP address under **Current IPv6** in the **IPv6** tab and click **OK**.

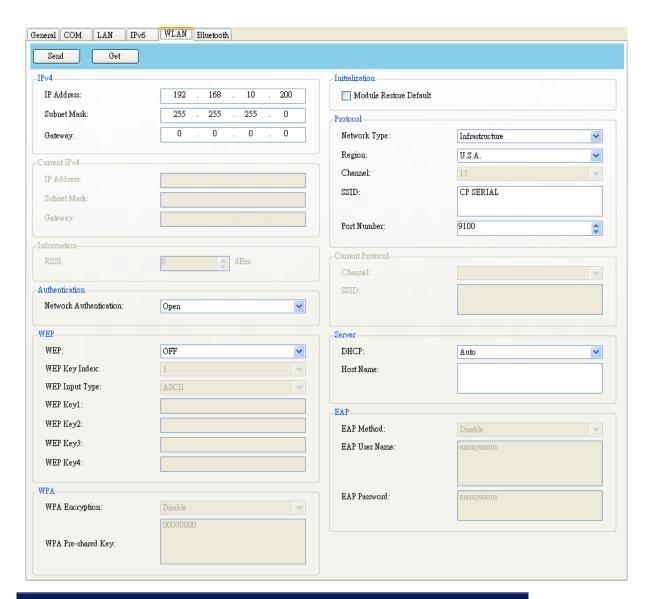




Note If your IPv6 address has consecutive zeros, you can use a double-colon to compress them. For example, if your address is 2607:f0d0:1002:0051:0000:0000:0000:0006, you can shorten it like this: 2607:f0d0:1002:0051::0006. Remember that the double-colon can appear only once in the address. The leading zeros in a section can also be removed, so the shortest version of your address can be written as 2607:f0d0:1002:51::6.

WLAN

The WLAN tab provides wireless network settings, including IPv4, Current IPv4, Authentication, Information, WEP, WPA, Initialization, Protocol, Current Protocol, Server and EAP.



Property Name	Description
IP Address (IPv4)	The static IPv4 address of your printer.
Subnet Mask (IPv4)	The manually specified IPv4 subnet mask of
	your printer.
Gateway (IPv4)	The manually specified IPv4 gateway of your
	printer.
IP Address (Current IPv4)	The current IPv4 address of your printer.
Subnet Mask (Current IPv4)	The current IPv4 subnet mask of your printer.
Gateway (Current IPv4)	The current IPv4 gateway of your printer.
RSSI	Short for received signal strength indicator. It
	measures your Wi-Fi signal strength. The
	bigger the number, the stronger the signal.
Network Authentication	Open It allows any device to authenticate
	to an access point (AP) and gain access to a

Property Name	Description
	network, but only the device with the correct
	WEP key can receive encrypted data while
	the AP uses WEP encryption.
	WPA-Personal WPA-Personal uses
	Pre-Shared Key (PSK) authentication, in which
	all users use the same password to access a
	network. WPA is designed to replace WEP. It
	uses RC4 encryption as WEP, but provides
	extra security through TKIP.
	WPA2-Personal WPA2-Personal includes all
	features of WPA-Personal, but it uses AES
	encryption to enhance security.
	802.1X 802.1X is an IEEE standard that
	provides EAP-based authentication methods
	for network access control. It enhances
	security by centralizing user identification,
	authentication and key management.
	WPA-Enterprise WPA-Enterprise offers
	centralized control over a network. It requires
	an 802.1X authentication server (RADIUS
	server) to validate users. Each user needs to
	enter individual username and password to
	access a network. It uses TKIP and RC4
	algorithm to encrypt data.
	WPA2-Enterprise WPA2-Enterprise includes
	all features of WPA-Enterprise, but it uses AES
	encryption to enhance security.
WEP	ON Turn on WEP encryption.
VVEP	OFF Turn off WEP encryption.
WEP Key Index	The default key of WEP. You can set four keys
	and choose one of them as the default.
WEP Input Type	The type of your WEP key.
	ASCII If your key is generated in ASCII,
	select this. ASCII includes the English
	alphabet, numbers and punctuation symbols.
	HEX If your key is generated in hexadecimal
	(HEX), select this. HEX includes the numbers 0
	27

Property Name	Description
	to 9 and the letters A to F.
WEP Key 1-4	You can store four 128-bit WEP keys.
WPA Encryption	It shows encryption methods depending on
	your network authentication.
	AUTO It allows the access point to use
	either TKIP or AES encryption.
	TKIP It is available for WPA-Personal and
	WPA-Enterprise. TKIP stands for Temporal
	Key Integrity Protocol. It is part of 802.11i
	standard of Wireless LAN. It enhances the
	security of WEP. TKIP uses 128-bit encryption.
	It dynamically changes keys for each packet
	using a rekeying mechanism, providing a
	strong protection against attackers.
	AES It is available for WPA2-Personal and
	WPA2-Enterprise. AES stands for Advanced
	Encryption Standard. It uses a serial of
	mathematical operations that repeatedly
	rearrange data to encrypt it.
	Note 802.11n can only use AES encryption.
WPA Pre-shared Key	It is a key shared between two parties that
	use a secure channel for communication.
	Anyone who knows the key can access the
	network. The length can be 1-63
	alphanumeric characters excluding double
	quotation marks ("). Pre-shared key
	authentication is for home or small offices.
Module Restore Default	It resets all values in the Wi-Fi module.
	It determines how you connect your printer
	to a network.
	Infrastructure If you connect through an
Notwork Type	access point, select this.
Network Type	Ad hoc If you connect through a device
	which has connected to a network, select
	this. In Ad hoc mode, you can only use Open
	authentication.
Region	The country or region.
	20

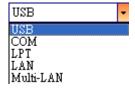
Property Name	Description
Channel	The Wi-Fi channel. You need to use the same
	channel as other devices for communication.
	The available channel varies according to
	your region.
SSID	The service set identifier. It is the name of a
	wireless network.
Port Number	The wireless LAN port number of your printer.
Channel (Current)	The current Wi-Fi channel.
SSID (Current)	The current service set identifier.
DHCP	Auto It tries to get an IP address from a
	DHCP server first. If failed, it uses the
	specified one.
	Enable It keeps trying to get an IP address
	from a DHCP server until it succeeds.
	Disable It uses the specified IP address.
Host Name	It is the name of a DHCP client. The host
	name allows up to 32 alphanumeric
	characters. You can leave it blank or type a
	name you want. By default, there is no host
	name.
	It is available for 802.1X , WPA-Enterprise and
	WPA2-Enterprise authentication.
	EAP-LEAP LEAP stands for Lightweight
	Extensible Authentication Protocol. It
	changes the WEP key for each session,
	preventing attackers retrieving data by
	cracking the key.
	EAP-TLS TLS stands for Transport Layer
EAP Method	Security. EAP-TLS requires both a client and a
	server to exchange digital certificates to
	authenticate each other. It uses Public Key
	Infrastructure (PKI) to protect
	communication. A server and a client need to
	obtain certificates from a certification
	authority (CA), and use these certificates to
	validate each other's identity.
	EAP-TTLS TTLS stands for Tunneled

Property Name	Description
	Transport Layer Security. It has two stages.
	First, a server sends its certificate to a client
	after it received an authentication request.
	This certificate is used to create an encrypted
	tunnel (TLS tunnel) between the server and
	the client. Second, both sides exchange
	attribute-value pairs (AVP) through this
	tunnel.
	PEAP Short for Protected Extensible
	Authentication Protocol. Similar to EAP-TTLS,
	it creates an encrypted tunnel between a
	server and a client in the first stage. After
	that, it starts the second EAP exchange
	through this tunnel.
	EAP-FAST FAST stands for Flexible
	Authentication via Secure Tunneling. Similar
	to PEAP, it has two stages. First, it uses a
	Protected Access Credentials (PACs) to create
	an encrypted tunnel. Second, it authenticates
	the client to the server within the tunnel.
EAP Username	The username for EAP authentication. It
	accepts 1-63 alphanumeric characters.
EAP Password	The password for EAP authentication. It
	accepts 1-32 alphanumeric characters.

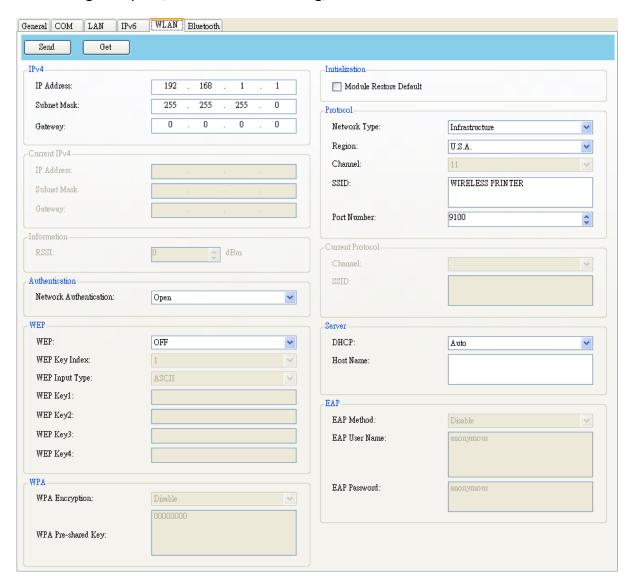
Set up WLAN connection

Before you set up a wireless LAN connection, make sure your computer has connected to a wireless network.

1. In the Input/Output Port list, click USB or COM.



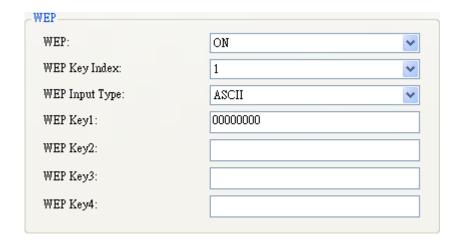
2. In the **Navigation** pane, click **Parameter Setting**, and click the **WLAN** tab.



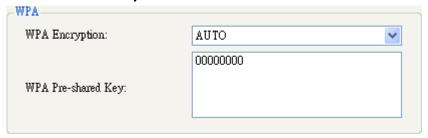
3. In the **SSID** box, enter the network name you've connected, and do one of the following to enter your password:



• If you're using **Open** and **WEP** is on, choose your WEP password type in the **WEP Input Type** list. Next, enter your WEP password in one of the **WEP Key** box, and select the key you want to use from the **WEP Key Index** list.



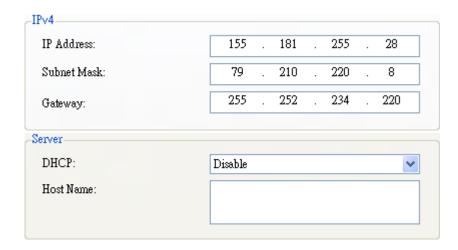
• If you're using **WPA-Personal** or **WPA2 Personal**, enter your password in the **WPA Pre-shared Key** box.



If you're using 802.1X, WPA-Enterprise or WPA2 Enterprise, choose your EAP authentication method in the EAP Method list, and enter your username and password in EAP User Name and EAP Password boxes respectively. If you're using TTLS mode, you can choose the TTLS encryption method from the TTLS Method list.



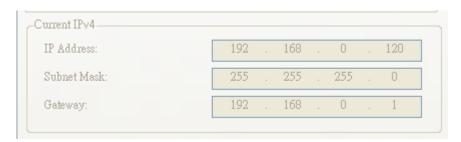
- 4. Do one of the following to configure your IPv4 settings:
- If you have a static IP address, fill the IP Address, Subnet Mask and Gateway box under IPv4 according to your network settings, make sure DHCP is disabled, and click Send.



If you don't have a static IP address, make sure DHCP is enabled and click
 Send.



5. After your printer restarts, click **Get** to get the IPv4 information of your printer. If you are using a static IP address, you'll get the same settings as it is in the previous step; if you are using DHCP, the DHCP server will automatically populate the **IP Address**, **Subnet Mask** and **Gateway** boxes under **Current IPv4**.



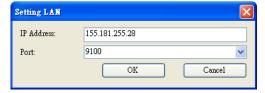
6. In the Input/Output Port list, click LAN, and click Setting.



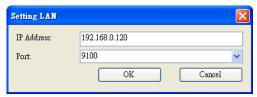
7. In the **Setting LAN** dialog box, do one of the following to configure your IP

address:

• If you are using a static IP address, in the IP Address box, enter the IP address under IPv4 in the WLAN tab and click OK.

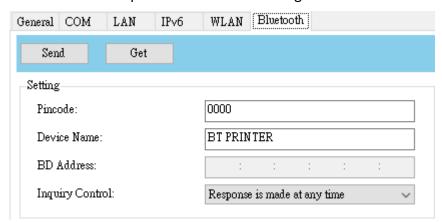


• If you are using a dynamic IP address provided by DHCP, in the IP Address box, enter the IP address under Current IPv4 in the WLAN tab and click OK.



Bluetooth

The **Bluetooth** tab provides Bluetooth settings.



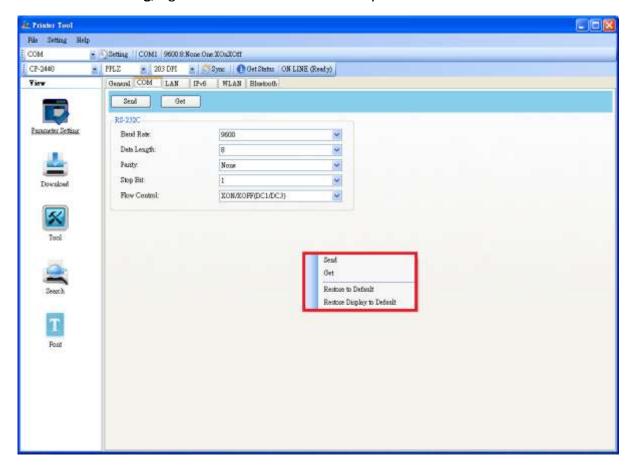
Property Name	Description
Pincode	The Bluetooth PIN code of your printer. The
	new PIN code takes effect when you
	reconnect your printer to your computer.
	The Bluetooth device name of your printer.
Device Name	The new device name takes effect after you
	reconnect your printer to your computer.
BD Address	The Bluetooth MAC address of your printer.
Inquiry Control	It determines how your printer is detected by
	other Bluetooth devices.
	Response is made at any time Your printer

Property Name	Description
	is always detectable.
	No response Your printer is not detectable.
	Response only within 60sec after a power on
	Your printer is detectable in 60 seconds after
	it is turned on.

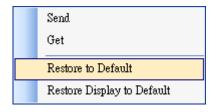
Reset Parameter Setting

If you want to reset Parameter Setting, do this:

1. In **Parameter Setting**, right-click in the blank area in any tab.



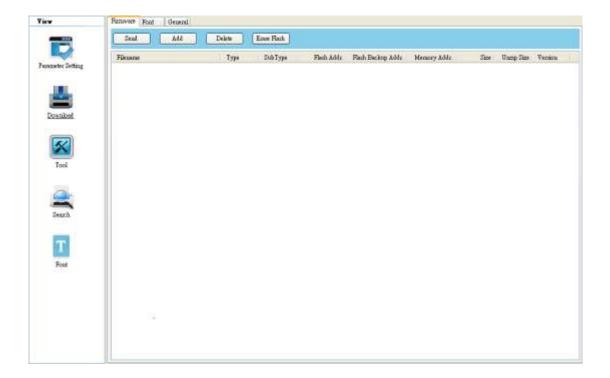
- 2. In the shortcut menu, do one of the following to reset **Parameter Setting**:
- If you want to restore all of the settings to their default values, click **Restore to Default**.



• If you want to restore the settings of the current tab to their default values, click **Restore Display to Default**.

Send
Get
Restore to Default
Restore Display to Default

Download



Download is used to download files to your printer. Tabs in **Download** are related to the emulation language you choose. Remember that you need to set up a network connection before you use the **LAN** or **Multi-LAN** port for the data transfer. For further details, see <u>Set up LAN connection</u>, <u>Set up IPv6 connection</u> and <u>Set up WLAN connection</u>.

Firmware

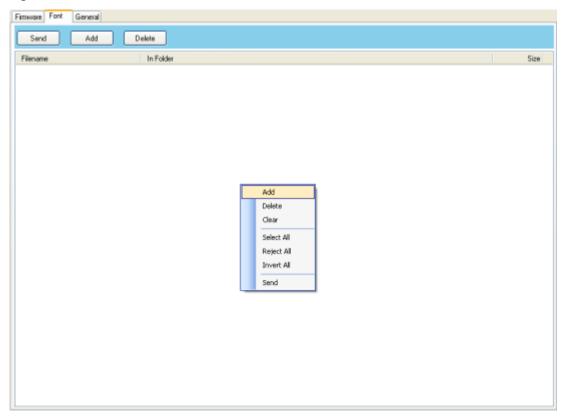
The **Firmware** tab displays in all emulation modes. It is used to update firmware. For information about update firmware in Printer Tool, see <u>Update firmware in Printer Tool</u>.

Font

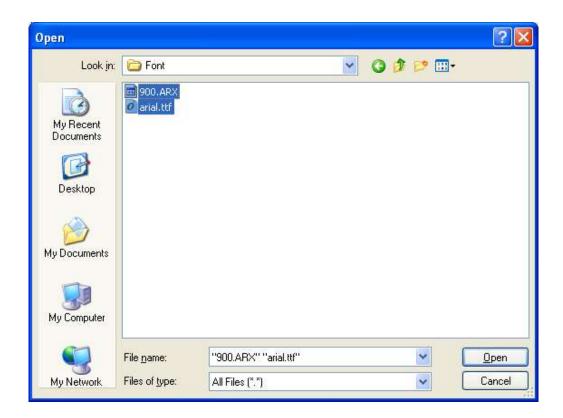
The **Font** tab displays in all emulation modes. It accepts **TrueType** fonts and **.ARX file extension** fonts. You can send fonts to your printer and store them in your printer's flash memory.

To send fonts to your printer:

1. Right-click in the blank Font list and click Add.



2. In the **Open** dialog box, browse to the folder that contains font files. Select all of them and click **Open**.



3. In the **Font** list, select the font you want to use. You can select multiple fonts at a time.



4. Click **Send** to send the fonts to your printer.



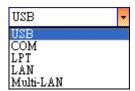
General

The **General** tab displays in all emulation modes. It is used to send command files to your printer and perform tasks. Command files only run in their corresponding emulations. For example, PPLZ command files only run in PPLZ emulation.

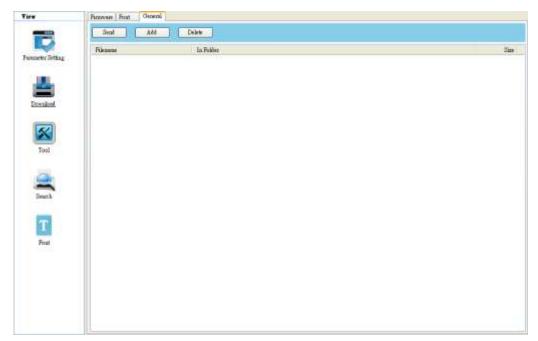
To run commands on your printer:

1. Type your commands in any text editor, such as Notepad or Wordpad.

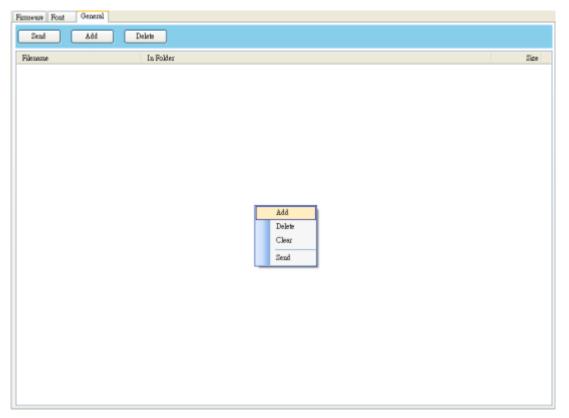
- 2. Save your commands as text files (.txt).
- 3. In the Input/Output Port list, click the port you want to use.



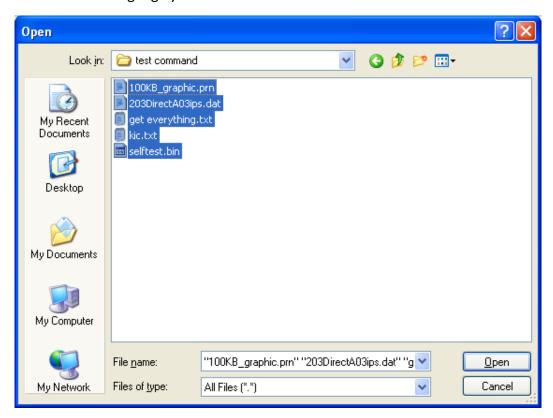
4. Click **Download** in the **Navigation** pane.

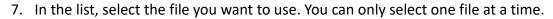


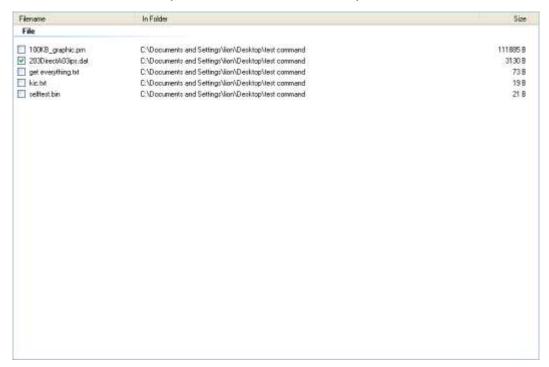
5. Under the General tab, right-click in the blank area and click Add.



6. In the **Open** dialog box, browse to the folder that contains command files, select them and click **Open**. The command files you select must correspond to the emulation language you use.







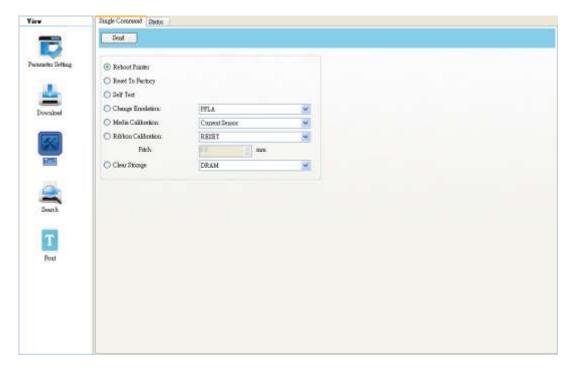
8. Click **Send** to run the command on your printer.





Note If you send a command file and your printer doesn't respond, it is possible that the emulation language is not set correctly. Click **Sync** to get the current setting of **Printer Emulation**.

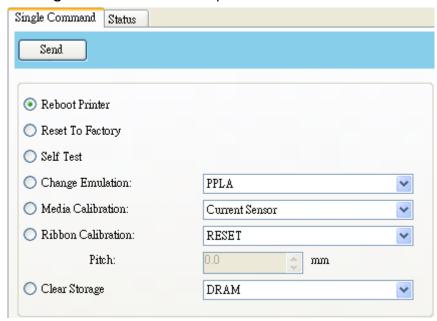
Tool



Tool is used to send specific commands to your printer.

Single Command

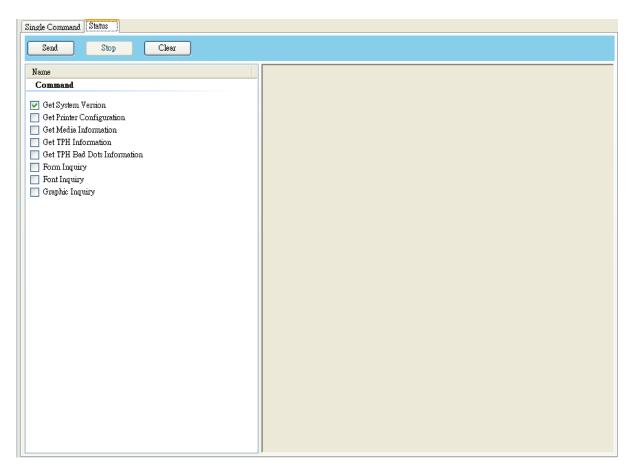
The Single Command tab which provides commands below.



- Reboot Printer Restart your printer.
- Reset To Factory Reload factory settings.
- **Self Test** Run a self test to print a configuration label.
- Change Emulation Change the emulation language for your printer.
- Media Calibration Change the media sensor for your printer.
- **Ribbon Calibration** It calibrates the ribbon so that your print start position will be more accurate.
 - RESET Turn off Ribbon Calibration.
 - **ON** Turn on **Ribbon Calibration**. Enter the height of your label in the scale box. For example, if the height of your label is 100 mm, enter 100 in the box.
- **Clear Storage** Select the storage, you can clear all of the form, font and graphic files for your printer.

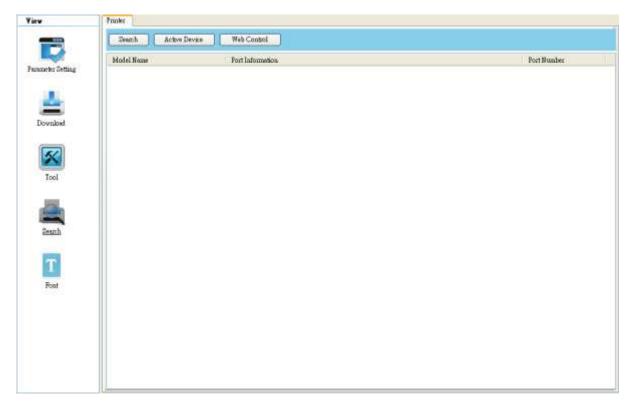
Status

The **Status** tab provides to know the printer current status, select commend and click **Send**. The status will show in the right sight. **Stop** can stop sending commend to printer. **Clear** can clean the right side information.



- **Get System Version**(RS-232 only) Display the system information.
- **Get Printer Configuration** Get the printer configuration information.
- **Get Media Information**(RS-232 only) Display the media information.
- **Get TPH Information** Showing all TPH Information.
- **Get TPH Bad Dots Information** If bad TPH dots are detected, it will show [X].
- **Form Inquiry** Showing the form name and capacity in RAM and Flash. Form name will be different depends on the current emulation you set.
- Font Inquiry Showing the Font name and capacity in RAM and Flash. Font name will be different depends on the current emulation you set.
- **Graphic Inquiry** Showing the Graphic name and capacity in RAM and Flash. Graphic name will be different depends on the current emulation you set.

Search



Search is used to find barcode printer. You can so easy and fast to find printer.

Printer

The **Printer** tab provides to search and control printer. Select a printer can rapidly change to control it.

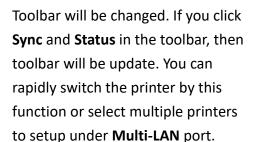


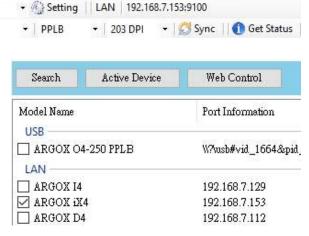
Search: Search will show USB and LAN connected printer. It is based on SNMP protocol and using broadcast to search in private network. Click Search, It will display Model Name, Port Information(IP address) and Port number.

LAN

iX4-250

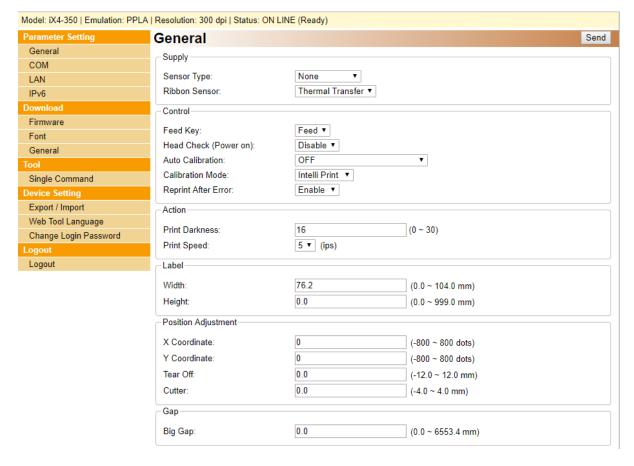
 Active Device: Select a device and click
 Active Device.



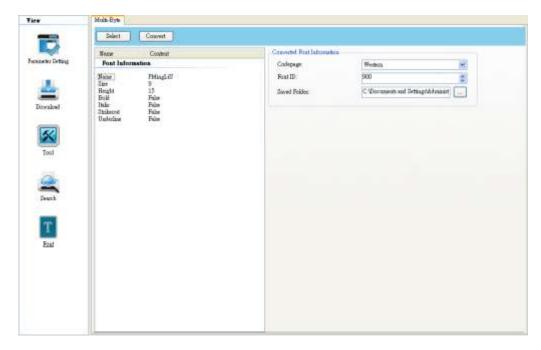


Web Control:

If printer firmware supports web control, click **Web Control** to open a Web page. Default Login name and password is **admin**. You can also type the IP address to open **printer web setting tool** in your browser. **Printer web setting tool** is based on **Print Tool**. Each model may have a bit different setting because of the spec.



Font



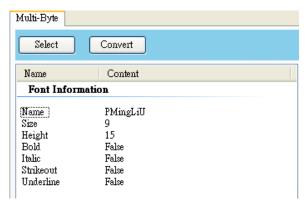
Font is used to create a **.ARX file extension** font file which can be downloaded in printer.

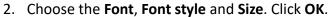
Multi-Byte

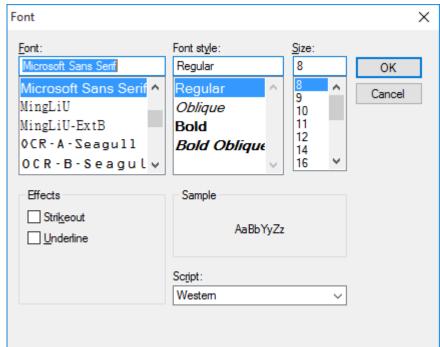
The **Multi-Byte** tab provides to create a font file. The file extension name is **.ARX**. After you convert a file, click **Download** in the **Navigation** pane. Click **Font** tab to transmit file to printer. To see more about download information, go to **Download**-> Font tab.

To create a .ARX font file:

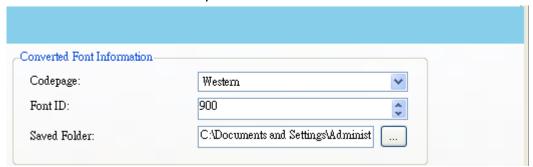
1. Click Select.







3. Font information will show in the left. Select the **codepage**, change the **Saved Folder** and define a **Font ID** as you want.



4. Click **Convert** to generate a .**ARX** font file.



2 Update firmware

Firmware is the code stored permanently in hardware. It instructs your printer to do its tasks. Benefits of updating firmware include new features, enhanced functionality and improved performance.



Caution Do not open the print module, disconnect your printer from the computer or cut your printer power during the firmware update.

2.1 Update firmware in Printer Tool

This section describes how to update printer firmware in Printer Tool.

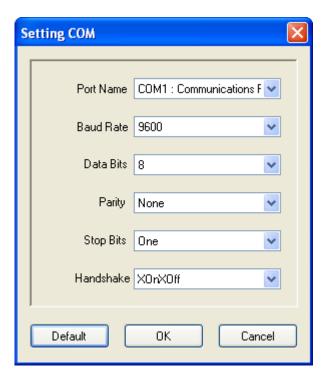
2.1.1 Update via the USB or COM port

- 1. Connect your printer and the computer with a USB or a serial cable.
- 2. Make sure the print module is closed.
- 3. Turn on your printer, and start Printer Tool.
- 4. In the Input/Output Port list, click USB or COM, and do one of the following:
- If you are using the USB port, the Port Name and Port Information
 automatically shows the USB information. You don't need to do anything.

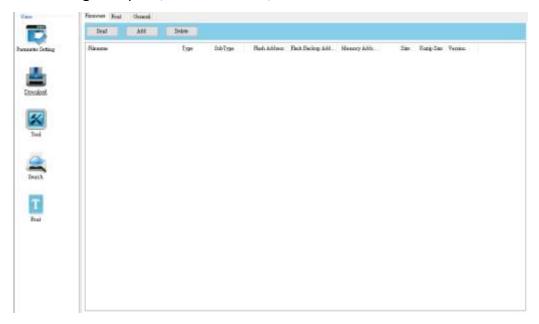


• If you are using the **COM** port, click **Setting**, and change the settings as you want. For example, you can change **Baud Rate** to a higher value to speed up the data transmission. Make sure the port settings are the same as those in the **COM** tab in **Parameter Setting**, or your printer won't work properly.

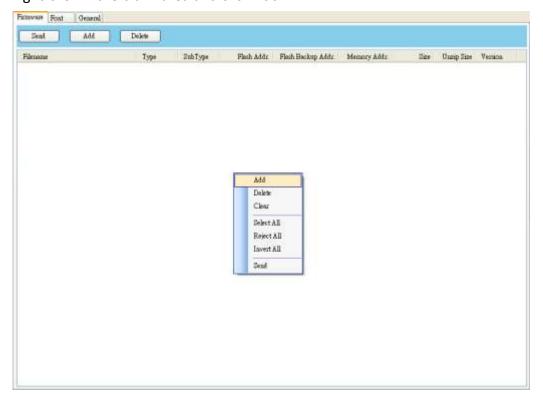




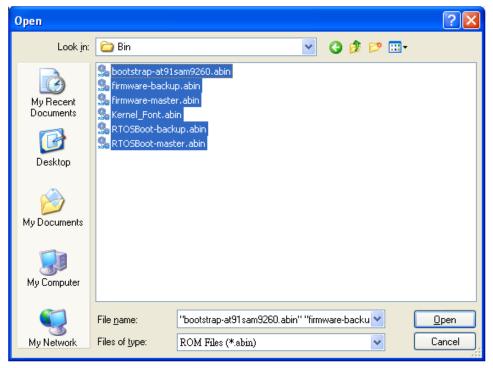
5. In the **Navigation** pane, click **Download**, and click the **Firmware** tab.



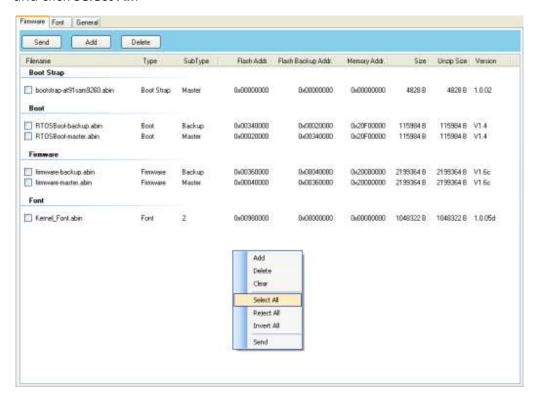
6. Right-click in the blank area and click Add.



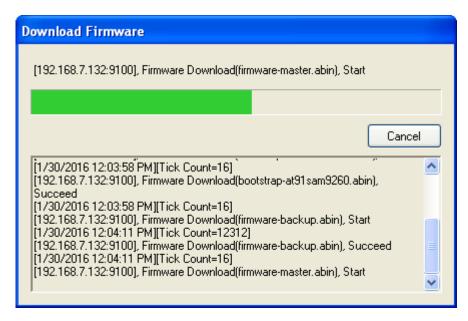
7. In the **Open** dialog box, browse to the folder that contains the firmware files. Select all of them and click **Open**.



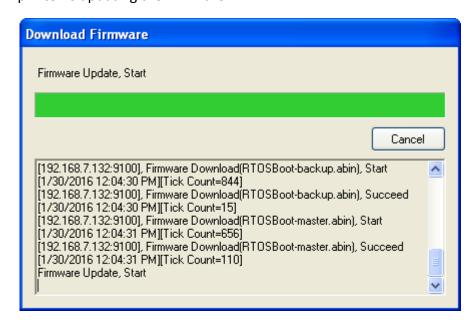
8. If you want to update specific files, select the check boxes of those files; if you want to update all of the firmware files, right-click in the blank area in the list, and click **Select All**.



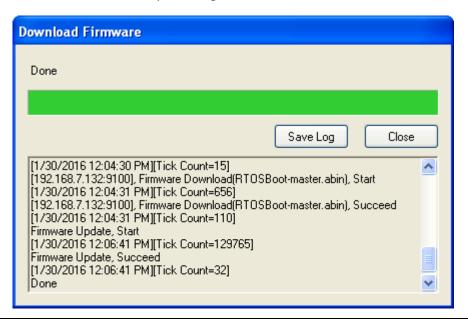
9. Click **Send** to send the firmware files to your printer. During the transmission LED blinks green. In the **Download Firmware** dialog box, the message shows the file your printer is downloading, and the progress bar indicates the progress of downloading.



10. When the data transmission is complete, your printer starts to update its firmware. In the **Download Firmware** dialog box, the message shows that your printer is updating the firmware.



11. When the update is complete, the message "Done" appears. At the same time, your printer restarts itself. Click **Close** to close the dialog box, or click **Save Log** to save the firmware update log.





Note Your printer may updating the other copy of firmware after the message "Done" appears. There are two copies of firmware stored in your printer: master and backup. They are used to restore each other in case the firmware is lost or

corrupted. By default, the master is the primary copy. Your printer uses the backup if the master doesn't work.

2.1.2 Update via the LAN or Multi-LAN port

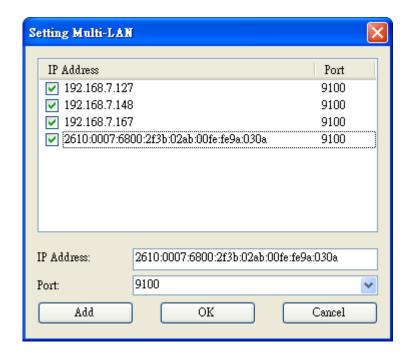
Before you update the firmware via the **LAN** or **Multi-LAN** port, you need to set up a network connection. For details, see <u>Set up LAN connection</u>, <u>Set up IPv6</u> connection and <u>Set up WLAN connection</u>.

- 1. Connect your printer and computer to a network device (hub, switch or router) with Ethernet cables.
- 2. Make sure the print module is closed.
- 3. Turn on your printer, and start Printer Tool.
- 4. In the **Input/Output Port** list, click **LAN** or **Multi-LAN**, and do one of the following:
- If you are using the **LAN** port, the **Port Name** and **Port Information** will show the LAN settings after you set up a network connection.

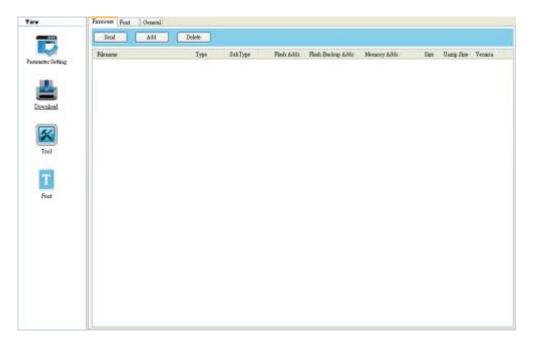


If you are using the Multi-LAN port, click Setting. In the Setting Multi-LAN dialog box, in the IP Address box, enter your printer's IP address and click Add. If you want to update the firmware of multiple printers, keep adding their IP addresses, and then click OK.

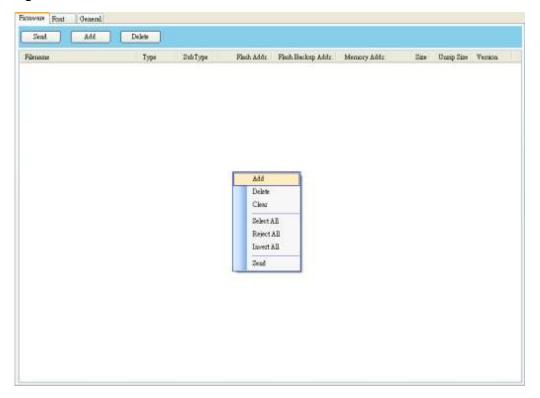




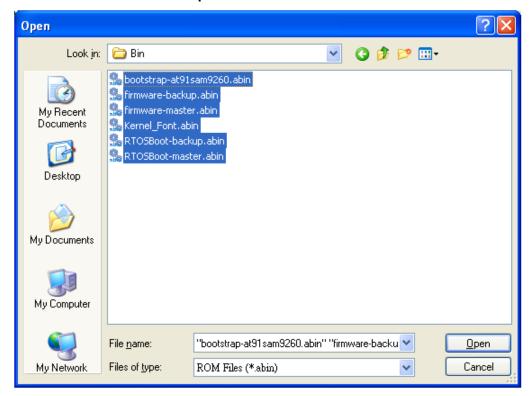
5. In the **Navigation** pane, click **Download**, and click the **Firmware** tab.



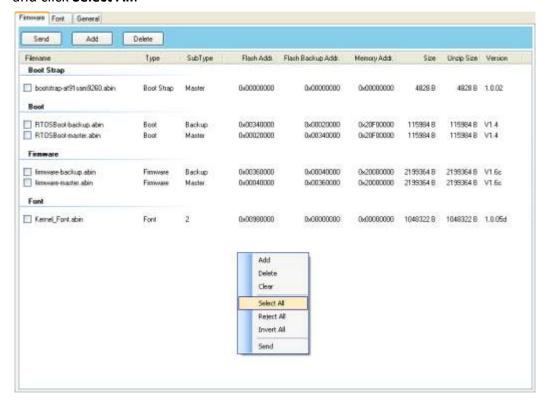
6. Right-click in the blank area and click Add.



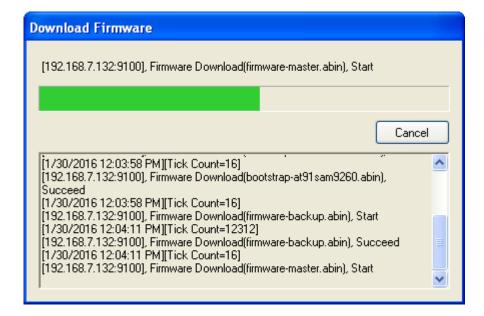
7. In the **Open** dialog box, browse to the folder that contains the firmware files. Select all of them and click **Open**.



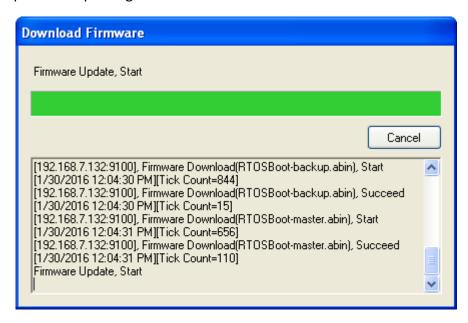
8. If you want to update specific files, select the check boxes of those files; if you want to update all of the firmware files, right-click in the blank area in the list, and click **Select All**.



Click Send to send the firmware files to your printer. In the Download
 Firmware dialog box, the message shows the file is downloading, and the progress bar indicates the progress of downloading.



10. When the data transmission is complete, your printer starts to update its firmware. In the **Download Firmware** dialog box, the message shows that your printer is updating the firmware.



11. When the update is complete, the message "Done" appears. At the same time, your printer restarts itself. Click **Close** to close the dialog box, or click **Save Log** to save the firmware update log.

